Digital Learning Day April 2, 2021 Miss Greene

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General Directions

Read the articles; A Snowy Spring, Spring Surprises, and Recycling. Answer the questions that follow.

Write about Recycling.
Complete the math money sheets.
Can you Bag it? Food to Die for.
Review States and capitals.

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A Snowy Spring

By Kelly Hashway

Daisy stood at the back door and stared at the white snow covering the ground. It was March, yet it felt like December. This winter had seemed longer than usual.



"Shouldn't spring be here by now?" Daisy said with a sigh. "I want to take a walk, play on the swings, swim in the pool..." Daisy sighed again, thinking of all the fun things she was missing out on because the ground was snow-covered.

"Hey," her older brother David said. "Why don't you play in the snow?"

Daisy shook her head. "I can't possibly build another snowman or sled down the hill in the backyard one more time."

"Suit yourself," David said, opening the door and stepping outside.

Daisy went to her room and flopped on her bed. She stared up at her ceiling, which was painted to look like the sky with big, puffy, white clouds. She closed her eyes and imagined it was spring.

Soon Daisy drifted off to sleep. She woke forty minutes later to David shaking her arm.

"Come on, Daisy. Spring awaits." He smiled down at her.

Daisy looked at the clock. "How long was I asleep?" It couldn't be spring already.

"Grab your pool toys and let's go." David tugged on her arm, dragging Daisy out of bed.

"What are you talking about?" Daisy asked.

"Just come on." David pulled Daisy to the back door.

Daisy frowned. The snow was still everywhere. "I'm going back to my room," she said.

"Oh no you're not." David tossed her a jacket and pushed her out the door.

The backyard, while still white with snow, looked different. The swings were set up, a path was cleared through the yard, and there was a large circle drawn in the snow next to the pool. "What is this?" Daisy asked.

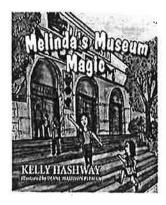
"You said you wanted to use the swings, take a walk, and go swimming," David said.
"Now you can."

Daisy narrowed her eyes. "I can't swim. It's only thirty degrees out here."

"You can swim in a snow pool," David said, walking over to the large circle and lying down. He started making snow angels. "It's sort of like swimming, and I set up the floating basketball hoop." He shrugged. "It doesn't float, but so what? We can walk along the path I shoveled and even go on the swings. What do you say, Daisy?"

Daisy smiled, happy she had such a great big brother. "I say spring never looked so good."

About the Author



Kelly Hashway's picture book, Melinda's Museum Magic, is now available!

Melinda is taking her first trip to the museum, and her mother promises it will be magical. But when the exhibits start coming to life in ways that only Melinda can see, she'll learn the real magic of the museum.

Hashway, Kelly. Melinda's Museum Magic ISBN: 978-0615814216

Nam	ne:		
	A	Snowy Spring By Kelly Hashway	
1.	In what month does this story to	ake place?	88
	a. April	b. December	
	c. March	d. February	
2.	Which of these activities did Do	aisy <u>not</u> say she wanted to do?	
	a. jump rope	b . play on the swings	
	c. walk	d. swim in the pool	
3.	When Daisy awoke, why did sh	ne wonder how long she had been sl	eeping?
4.	Explain how the backyard app	peared different to Daisy.	
5 .	How did David try to make Dai	isy's wishes for Spring come true?	

A Snowy Spring

By Kelly Hashway

Match each vocabulary word on the left with the correct definition on the right. Write the letter on the line provided.



a. made less wide



2. ____ flopped

b. to gently pull on something

3. ____ drifted

c. made a face in disapproval

4. ____ tugged

d. to pull someone or something that is heavy to move

5. ____ narrowed

e. fell down onto a surface

6. ____ dragging

f. to take in and let out a long, loud breath

7. ____ frowned g. moved slowly and easily into something

Now try this: Find all of the words above in the story and highlight them.

Name:	
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Spring Surprises

by Guy Belleranti

Spring has arrived with surprises.

A lot of them are weird.

My Dad is growing fins and gills

My goldfish grew a beard.

Zoo animals are leafing out.

Gardens are sprouting fur.

Cats are meowing, "Ruff, ruff, ruff"

And dogs are saying, "Purrrrrr".



Bees are making chocolate milk.

Cows are giving honey.

Birds aren't singing, they're telling jokes!

Most of them are funny.

Kids are going to work each day.

Parents are back in schools.

And here's the top surprise of all—

Happy April Fool's!

Nar	ame:	
		g Surprises by Guy Belleranti
1.	What does the last line of events that happen earli	f the poem reveal about the er in the poem?
	b. The wacky eventc. The poet is from a	ibing a dream he had. s the poet describes didn't really happen. a magical land where things are backward. a bedtime story to his son.
2.	What is the tone, or moo	d, of this poem?
		d. humorous
3.	mimic sounds. Examples bow-wow, clip-clop, hiss,	fancy word that describes words that of onomatopoeia are: buzz, zoom, bang, and honk. Omatopoeia from the poem.
	•	_ and

4.

and D.

What is the rhyming pattern of this poem? Use the letters A, B, C,

Name:

Spring Surprises

by Guy Belleranti

Fill in the missing letters to create words from the poem.

Then write the full word on the line. Be sure you spell each word correctly.



1. s ___ o u __ ing

clue: budding; growing

2. ___ e ___ r ___

clue: strange; unusual

3. __ o __ y

clue: sweet sticky liquid made by

bees

4. __ u __ p __ i __ e

clue: an unexpected event

5. g ___ s 5.

clue: organs in fish that allow them

Name:
Spring Surprises by Guy Belleranti
In the poem, "Spring Surprises," the poet describes a series of wacky events that turn out to be an April Fool's joke. Have you ever pulled a prank on April Fool's Day? Has someone ever "fooled" you on the first of April? Describe what happened on the lines below.

The Importance of Recycling

by Lydia Lukidis

I'm sure you all know how important recycling is. Recycling is when you take old things and turn them into new things. It sounds like magic. But it's actually very scientific.

Do you know how it all works? The first thing you have to do is collect items that can be recycled. Only certain materials can be recycled. These include things made out of paper, metal, glass



and plastic. Can you think of everyday items made out of these materials? Soda cans are a good example. They are made out of metal. Magazines and newspapers are made out of paper. So are cereal boxes. Some bottles of juice are made out of glass. Bags and yogurt containers are made out of plastic. There are many things that can be recycled.

These things are usually stamped with the recycling loop. It has 3 arrows that go in a triangular circle. This shows that the cycle continues. Items are thrown away but continue their lives as something else.

Let's get back to the process of recycling. Once you put all your items in a recycling bin, a truck comes to pick them up. Everything goes to a recycling plant. There, the materials get separated. They go into different piles. There are special machines that crush each pile together. The materials get squashed into square

cubes. They are really heavy. You would need a forklift to carry them.

Companies buy these cubes and turn them into new products.

Now let's take a closer look at how old paper is transformed. First the paper is torn into tiny pieces. Then a special water with chemicals is poured onto it. The fibers start to stick together. In time, a brand new roll of paper is created! If there were things written or printed on the first paper, they disappear.



Recycling keeps our planet healthy. It reduces waste. It also saves energy. You can do your part. So just remember the golden rule: always recycle your products!

About the Author



Lydia Lukidis is a published children's author with a multidisciplinary background that spans the fields of literature, theater and puppetry.

Lydia's picture book, Gerbs in the House: The Dilly Dally Bedtime Routine, is now available. Find out if Mocha will ever get his silly son to sleep!

Lukidis, Lydia. Gerbs in the House: The Dilly Dally Bedtime Routine ISBN: 978-0-9917402-7-7

	The Importance of Recycling by Lydia Lukidis
	cording to the article, give four examples of household items can be recycled.
9 	
num	following choices are steps in the process of recycling. Write a aber (1 – 4) on the line next to each step to show which happens first, which happens , and which happens last.
	Companies buy the cubes of crushed materials and turn them into new products.
	The items you put in your recycling bin get picked up by a truck and brought to a recycling plant.
	The materials get separated into different piles.
	Special machines crush each pile into a square cube.
Who	at do the three arrows of the recycling loop show?
-	
Whe pap	en old paper is transformed into new paper, what causes the fibers of the tiny pieces er to stick together?
	a. a thick, sticky paste
	b. a special water with chemicals poured onto it
	c. a very strong glue
	d. a yellow powder

What are two ways that recycling keeps our planet healthy?

5.

Name:	
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The Importance of Recycling by Lydia Lukidis

Match each vocabulary word from the article with the corr	ect definition.
1. crush	a. makes smaller
2. disappear	b. a box used to store things
3. scientific	c. steps that happen one after another in the same order
4. bin	 d. to squeeze something very hard until it breaks
5. reduces	e. a machine that can carry heavy loads
6. products	f. to go out of view
7. cycle	g. having to do with science
8. forklift	h. eager to learn about something new
9. curious	i. things that are made

Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

Name:
The Importance of Recycling by Lydia Lukldis
In the article, "The Importance of Recycling", you learned what recycling is, how it works, and why it's important for our planet.
Choose an item in your household that your family is able to recycle. Using the Internet, research how much of that item is recycled in the United States every year. What do you think would happen if more people recycled that one item? What do think would happen if people did not recycle that item at all?
) +

Ν	ame :	Score: _	
Т	eacher:	Date : _	
	Word Problems		
1)	Tom loves eating fruits. Tom paid \$14.77 for cherries, \$12.52 fo \$5.03 for grapes. In total, how much money did he spend?	r peaches, and	
2)	Sara went to the mall to buy clothes. She spent \$5.58 on shorts pants, and \$13.36 on a jacket. How much money did Sara spen		
3)	Mike joined his school's band. He bought a clarinet for \$100.66, \$4.37, and a song book for \$5.77. How much did Mike spend at		
4)	Mary purchased a football game for \$6.58, a strategy game for \$ baseball game for \$11.22. How much did Mary spend on video (
5)	Benny loves trading cards. He bought 3 packs of Digimon cards a pack of basketball cards for \$2.96, and a deck of Pokemon camuch did Benny spend on cards?		
6)	Sandy got fast food for lunch. She spent \$3.95 on a hotdog, \$3.95 and \$5.09 on a salad. What was the total of the lunch bill?	97 on a sandwich,	
	Tim spent \$9.09 on a snake toy, \$1.70 on pet food, and a cage What was the total cost of Tim's purchases?	cost him \$7.05.	
	Keith spent \$145.33 on speakers, \$139.24 on a CD player, and tires. In total, how much did Keith spend on car parts?	\$141.82 on new	
	On Friday, Sally spent \$8.43 each on two tickets to a movie theorented a movie for \$5.76, and bought a movie for \$10.28. How retotal did Sally spend on movies?		
	Sandy bought some toys. She bought toy cars for \$9.72, marble and spent \$5.47 on a skateboard. In total, how much did Sandy		-



Name :		Score :
T	eacher:	Date :
	Word Problems	5
1)	Sally loves eating fruits. Sally paid \$10.52 for cherries, and \$7. a \$20 bill. How much change did Sally receive?	60 for grapes with
2)	Joan went to the mall on Saturday to buy clothes. She paid \$7. \$10.77 on a shirt with a \$20 bill. How much money did Joan ge	
3)	Benny joined his school's band. He bought a flute for \$98.89, a which was \$10.54 with two \$100 bills. How much change was I	
4)	Sally purchased a basketball game for \$8.82, and a Batman gawith a \$20 bill. How much change did Sally get?	ame for \$9.89
5)	Keith loves trading cards. He bought 2 packs of baseball cards a deck of basketball cards for \$13.42 with two \$20 bills. How m	
6)	Sara got fast food for lunch. Sara paid \$5.02 on a sandwich an a hotdog with a \$10 bill. What was the change from the purcha	
7)	Tom paid \$8.60 on a hamster toy, and a cage cost him \$4.71 when the How much change did Tom receive?	vith a \$20 bill.
8)	For her car, Alyssa paid \$79.69 on speakers and \$78.76 on ne two \$100 bills. How much did Alyssa get in change?	w tires with
9)	On Friday, Sandy paid \$14.77 each on two tickets to a movie to borrowed a movie for \$13.60. Sandy paid with three \$20 bills. It did Sandy receive?	
0)	Nancy bought some toys. She bought toy cars for \$7.74, and p on a baseball with a \$20 bill. How much change from the purch	





Can you bag it?

Background knowledge

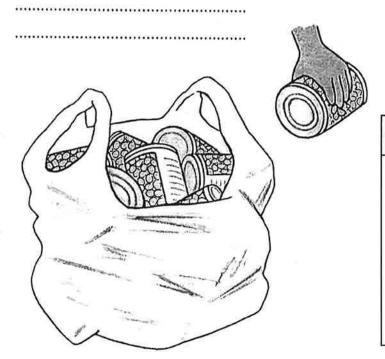
Polyethylene is used to make plastic food bags in factories. Some food bags are see-through, so that you can see what is inside them. Others are thicker to protect food in the freezer. Millions of plastic grocery bags are made each day, and most are thrown away after use.

Science activity

Before ordering new grocery bags, a supermarket manager and her staff tested different types of bags to see which one was the strongest. They carefully added cans of beans to each bag until the handles began to tear. Here are their results.

Bag	Number of cans	Ī
Type A	23	Ī
Type B	20	
Type C	40	
Type D	12	
Type E	20	

Which bag do you think they ordered for their store? Explain.



Science investigation

Is a paper bag stronger than a plastic bag? Design and conduct an experiment to answer this question. Use the Internet to see which type of bag is better for the environment.

Food to die for



Background knowledge

When living things die, other living things feed on them. If they have a skeleton or shell, it will be the only part left after all the soft parts are eaten. Earthworms feed on dead plants. Other animals, such as the maggots of flies, feed on dead animals. There are also tiny living things called *microbes* that feed on dead plants and animals. Bacteria and some fungi are microbes. When dead things *decay*, they are really being eaten by microbes!

Science activity

Here are some animals found in woodlands, where there are decaying leaves. Can you use this yes/no key to find their names?

Clue 1 Does the animal have six legs? If yes, it is a springtail.

Does the animal have more than six legs? If yes, go to clue 2.

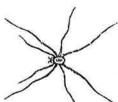
Clue 2 Does it have eight legs? If yes, it is a harvestman.

Does it have more than eight legs? If yes, go to clue 3.

Clue 3 Does it have a broad, flat body? If yes, it is a woodlouse.

Does it have a long, thin body? If yes, go to clue 4.

Clue 4 Does each section of the body have two legs? If yes, it is a centipede. Does each section of the body have four legs? If yes, it is a millipede.



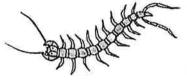


This is a

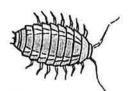
This is a



This is a



This is a



This is a

Science investigation

Take extra care - ask an adult to supervise you.

Design and conduct an experiment to see what factors in the environment can affect the decay of an apple core. Examples of some factors are temperature, light, and moisture. Only one factor should be tested at a time.

